

**AP Computer Science**  
**Boolean Multiple Choice Exercises**

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

1. The Boolean expression  $A < B$  is equivalent to which of the following expressions?
  - (A) **not**( $A < B$ )
  - (B) **not**( $B < A$ )
  - (C) **not**( $A \geq B$ )
  - (D)  $A \geq B$
  - (E)  $B \leq A$
  
2. The Boolean expression  $(A \text{ and } B) \text{ or } A$  is true
  - (A) only when A is true.
  - (B) only when B is true.
  - (C) whenever either A is true or B is true.
  - (D) only whenever both A is true and B is true.
  - (E) for all values of A and B.
  
03. The Boolean expression  $(A \text{ and } B) \text{ or } (A \text{ and } B)$  is true
  - (A) only when A is true.
  - (B) only when B is true.
  - (C) whenever either A is true or B is true.
  - (D) only whenever both A is true and B is true.
  - (E) for all values of A and B.
  
04. The Boolean expression **not**( $A \text{ and not } B$ ) is equivalent to which of the following expressions?
  - (A)  $A \neq B$
  - (B) **not** A or B
  - (C) **not** A and not B
  - (D) **not** A or not B
  - (E) **not** A and B
  
5. The Boolean expression **not**( $A \text{ or } B \text{ or } C$ ) is equivalent to which of the following expressions?
  - (A)  $A \neq B \neq C$
  - (B) A and B and C
  - (C) A or B or C
  - (D) **not** A or not B or not C
  - (E) **not** A and not B and not C

6. The Boolean expression **(A and not B) or not(A and not B)** evaluates to

- (A) false in all cases.
- (B) true in all cases.
- (C) true whenever only A is true or only B is true.
- (D) true whenever both A is true and B is true.
- (E) false only when both A is false and B is false.

7. The Boolean expression **not((A >= B) or (C < D))** is equivalent to which of the following expressions?

- (A) **(A <= B) or (C > D)**
- (B) **(A <= B) and (C > D)**
- (C) **(A < B) or (C > D)**
- (D) **(A < B) or (C >= D)**
- (E) **(A < B) and (C >= D)**

8. The Boolean expression **(A and not B) and (not A or B)** evaluates to

- (A) true in all cases.
- (B) false in all cases.
- (C) true only whenever both A is true and B is true.
- (D) false only whenever both A is false and B is false.
- (E) true only whenever A is true or B is true.

9. The Boolean expression **(not A and B) or (A and not B)** evaluates to

- (A) true in all cases.
- (B) false in all cases.
- (C) true only whenever A is false and B is true.
- (D) true only whenever both A and B are the same
- (E) true only whenever both A and B are different

10. The Boolean expression **(A or B) and (not A and not B)** evaluates to

- (A) false in all cases.
- (B) true in all cases.
- (C) true whenever only A is true or only B is true.
- (D) true whenever both A is true and B is true.
- (E) false only when both A is false and B is false.

### **Answers**

- 1) C
- 2) A
- 3) D
- 4) B
- 5) E
- 6) B
- 7) E
- 8) B
- 9) E
- 10) A

| <b>A</b> | <b>B</b> | <b>#8</b> | <b>#9</b> | <b>#10</b> |
|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| True     | True     | False     | False     | False      |
| False    | False    | False     | False     | False      |
| True     | False    | False     | True      | False      |
| False    | True     | False     | True      | False      |