

5.1**Notetaking with Vocabulary**

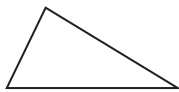
For use after Lesson 5.1

In your own words, write the meaning of each vocabulary term.

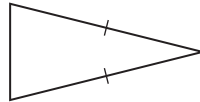
interior angles

exterior angles

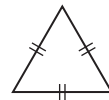
corollary to a theorem

Core Concepts**Classifying Triangles by Sides****Scalene Triangle**

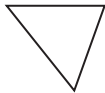
no congruent sides

Isosceles Triangle

at least 2 congruent sides

Equilateral Triangle

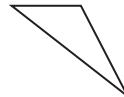
3 congruent sides

Classifying Triangles by Angles**Acute Triangle**

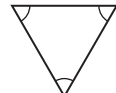
3 acute angles

Right Triangle

1 right angle

Obtuse Triangle

1 obtuse angle

Equiangular Triangle

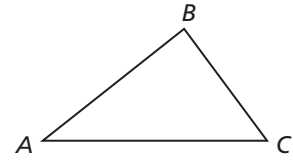
3 congruent angles

Notes:

5.1 Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)**Theorems****Theorem 5.1 Triangle Sum Theorem**

The sum of the measures of the interior angles of a triangle is 180° .

Notes:

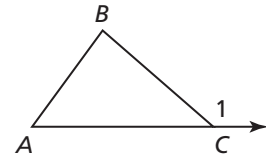


$$m\angle A + m\angle B + m\angle C = 180^\circ$$

Theorem 5.2 Exterior Angle Theorem

The measure of an exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the measures of the two nonadjacent interior angles.

Notes:

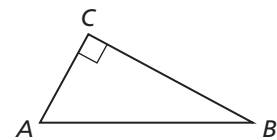


$$m\angle 1 = m\angle A + m\angle B$$

Corollary 5.1 Corollary to the Triangle Sum Theorem

The acute angles of a right triangle are complementary.

Notes:



$$m\angle A + m\angle B = 90^\circ$$