11.1 Practice A

In Exercises 1–4, find the indicated measure.

- **1.** radius of a circle with a circumference of 42π meters
- 2. circumference of a circle with a radius of 27 feet
- 3. circumference of a circle with a diameter of 15 inches
- 4. diameter of a circle with circumference 39 centimeters
- **5.** Maple trees suitable for tapping for syrup should be at least 1.5 feet in diameter. You wrap a rope around a tree trunk, then measure the length of the rope needed to wrap one time around the trunk. This length is 4 feet 2 inches. Explain how you can use this length to determine whether the tree is suitable for tapping.

In Exercises 6–8, find the arc length of \widehat{AB} .



In Exercises 9 and 10, find the perimeter of the region.



In Exercises 11 and 12, convert the angle measure.

11. Convert 60° to radians.

12. Convert $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ radians to degrees.

13. A carousel has a diameter of 50 feet. To the nearest foot, how far does a child seated near the outer edge travel when the carousel makes 8 revolutions?



11.2 Practice A

In Exercises 1-4, find the indicated measure.

- 1. area of a circle with a radius of 6.8 feet
- 2. area of a circle with a diameter of 19.2 centimeters
- 3. radius of a circle with an area of 1017.9 square meters
- 4. diameter of a circle with an area of 707 square inches
- **5.** About 1.2 million people live in a region with a 6-mile radius. Find the population density in people per square mile.
- **6.** A region with a 15-mile diameter has a population density of about 5000 people per square mile. Find the number of people who live in the region.

In Exercises 7–10, find the areas of the sectors formed by $\angle JLK$.



11. Find the area of $\bigcirc H$.





40 ft



In Exercises 13–15, find the area of the shaded region.

